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QUARTERS

FOR

CLOTHING

VOL. XIX.

BOOMING THURMAN.

The Red Bandanna to Give Color  
to the Campaign.

THE OTHER CANDIDATES FADING OUT.

The Republicans Rallying to the Name of  
Gresham—The Blair Bill and the  
Tobacco Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—[Special.]—The ap-  
proaching national democratic convention has  
become almost the sole topic of conversation  
among democrats here, notwithstanding the  
fact that the tariff question is before them.

Everyone recognizes the fact that the larger  
proportion of the work of the convention is set  
out in advance; that the nomination of Pres-  
ident Cleveland is a foregone conclusion. Some  
spirit of hostility is expected to be shown over  
the adoption of a platform, but it is highly  
probable, in fact almost certain, that the plat-  
form already made by Mr. Cleveland will be  
adopted. All this being practically settled,  
the election of a vice-presidential candidate  
is the prevailing question of discussion and  
speculation. Of the three somewhat stale  
candidates, Gray, Black and Stevenson, the  
latter seems to be the only one who holds his  
own with the democrats here. The others are  
now practically out of the race, and even  
Stevenson, with all his experience, who is the  
stunt for him, does not seem to occupy as  
distinguished a place as he did only two  
days ago. That staunch old democrat,  
ALLEN G. THURMAN

has been incidentally mentioned for the place  
a number of times lately, but not until today  
has any enthusiasm over him been developed.  
Today his name has been in the mouth of  
every one, and he has afforded the principal  
topic of conversation at the capital. It was  
due to the understanding that President  
Cleveland desires his nomination, and prefers  
him on the ticket to any other democrat yet  
mentioned. It now seems to be evident, as it  
has been understood, that Mr. Cleveland will  
be allowed his own running mate, so to speak,  
that if Judge Thurman's consent can be gained  
he will be nominated at St. Louis with al-  
most the unanimity which places Mr. Cleve-  
land at the head of the ticket. Indeed, some  
very prominent and influential democrats  
assert that if Thurman will but say the word,  
all the other aspirants will withdraw, and he  
will be named for vice-president with an en-  
thusiasm rarely witnessed, and

an eminent democratic influence  
is at work to prevail upon him to accept. No  
less a power than the present head of the  
department is an enthusiastic indorser of the  
movement, and surely none can say that there  
is a cordial understanding between Secretary  
Whitney and President Cleveland on all mat-  
ters political. The argument relied upon to  
persuade Judge Thurman to withdraw his an-  
nouncement of retirement from politics, and  
permit his name to be used once more for the  
good of his party, is two-fold. It appeals in  
part to his well-known devotion to his party,  
and his willingness to make sacrifices  
for it, and to his natural pride.

With regard to the first branch  
of the argument, it is urged to him  
that his name on the ticket would heal every  
dissension, and would stir democratic enthu-  
siasm and energy in every county of the union.  
This is the opportunity for him to render his  
party signal service, and to make it sure of a  
sweeping victory that will determine the  
political ascendancy in this country for many  
years to come. As to the ex-senator person-  
ally, it is said that it would be a fitting close  
to his public career to preside over the body  
which he served so long and with such dis-  
tinguished and conceded ability, and it could  
only be

GRATEFUL TO HIS PRIDE  
to return once more to the hall of the senate,  
the ablest legislative body of the world, as his  
presiding officer—returned there in that high  
capacity by the voice of the whole people. Nor  
is it forgotten to remind him that among the  
political probabilities is that the next vice-  
president will hold the balance of political  
power in the senate, and that a casting vote,  
carrying with it such powers of decision,  
would exalt the ex-senator to a position of  
greatness. This question of nominating  
Mr. Thurman has been canvassed  
among the members of congress who go to St.  
Louis as delegates, and it is said that all of  
them are ready to throw up their hats and vote  
and yell for Thurman, if he will only consent  
to accept the nomination. The president, it is  
said, is ready to give him the nomination by acclamation,  
and as it now looks, the only event that can  
prevent his being put on the ticket is his em-  
phatic and unqualified refusal to accept the  
honor. However, should he refuse, it seems  
that

SPEAKER CARLISLE  
will stand equally as well before the conven-  
tion as any other man yet mentioned. There  
can be no hope of carrying Illinois. Indiana  
is democratic anyhow, and it seems that Car-  
lisle, next to Thurman, is next to the favorite.  
Among the republican members of both houses  
of congress, political affairs are discussed al-  
most as much as among the democrats, and  
there seems to be no doubt of the fact that

THE GRESHAM BOOM  
is rapidly gathering headway. Gresham's  
candidacy is regarded with special favor by  
those republicans who have either been lukewarm  
in their support of Blaine in the past, or who,  
in consequence of his public declarations,  
have come to look upon the planned knight as  
out of the race. Those republicans in the  
house, who, for one reason or another, have  
been hostile to Blaine, have suddenly exhib-  
ited a willingness to place a wonderful degree  
of confidence in his written and spoken utter-  
ances on the subject of his  
candidacy, and with an implicit  
faith in his sincerity which contrasts oddly  
with their past attitude towards him, have ac-  
cepted his dictum as final, and have turned  
eagerly to Gresham.

Gresham, as a presidential possibility,"  
said congressman Anderson, of Iowa, Satur-  
day, "is gaining in popularity. He stands  
with the republican party for all that is best  
in it, and is tainted by none of the scandals of its  
past. He may safely be taken as the repre-  
sentative of a new era in the history of  
the party and of the country, an era of pros-  
perity for both. He is on the right side of all  
the issues of the day, and while far removed  
from the demagogue, enjoys the full confi-  
dence of the great mass of our people, who are  
quick to turn with suspicion from anything  
that savors, however remotely, of monopoly. I  
consider Gresham

AN IDEAL CANDIDATE,  
and from conversation with representatives  
from every section of the country I am satis-  
fied his home has a substantial basis and a  
healthy growth in every state in the north."

Mr. Brower introduced a resolution today  
to relieve the committee on education from fur-  
ther consideration of the Blair educational  
bill, and to set apart Tuesday, June 26, for its  
consideration; also a resolution to relieve the  
committee on education from further consid-  
eration of the Blair educational bill, and to set  
apart Tuesday, June 26, for its consideration;  
also a resolution to relieve the committee on  
education from further consideration of the  
Blair educational bill, and to set apart Tues-  
day, June 26, for its consideration.

The river and harbor bill was reported

back to the senate today, no change occurs in  
the reduction of the house appropriations for  
the Oconee and Ocmulgee rivers.

The Democratic caucus adjourned at  
midnight until Wednesday. The result is ex-  
tremely encouraging. The party is strength-  
ening every session. Mr. Tillman, of South  
Carolina, and Mr. Vance, of Connecticut, an-  
nounced their adherence to the bill. Mr.  
Randall and Mr. McAdoo were present. The  
leader is for the bill. The changes agreed  
upon tonight will not decrease or increase  
materially the aggregate of anticipated re-  
venues if the bill becomes a law. Over an hour  
was devoted to discussing the duties on works  
of art. An effort was made to go back and  
take the original Mills bill, but this was de-  
feared. There is a great satisfaction mani-  
fested by the party leaders over the results of  
tonight's action.

Mr. Clements introduced a bill today to pay  
the debt of New Hope Baptist church, in  
Barrow county, \$500 for the use of the church  
building, by the act of congress in '84. Also a  
bill to pay Nathan Bright \$4,832 for property  
taken from him by the army of the United  
States. Also a similar bill to pay Frank Hen-  
derson \$1,000.

The president has appointed J. T. Whitman  
as postmaster at Dalton, Ga.

The confirmation of Mr. Fuller as chief jus-  
tice again went over today, but members of  
the senate judiciary committee state that it  
will be disposed of at a special meeting of  
Thursday.

E. W. B.

WITH OPEN DOORS  
Will the Senate Discuss the Treaty With  
Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—In the senate, Mr.  
Frye, from the committee on commerce, re-  
ported that the river and harbor appropriation  
bill, H. R. 10,000, which was passed by the house  
May 23, 1888, containing \$1,783,000 more than the bill  
contained as it came from the house. It  
would be sent to the committee on commerce  
before the bill would be called up for action,  
because the report of the committee could not  
possibly be ready under a week from the pre-  
sent time. When the report was ready he  
would call up the bill.

Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, referred to portions  
of Mr. Stewart's speech of last week, on the  
veto question, in which Mr. Stewart had criti-  
cized the attorney-general and defended the  
latter.

Mr. Stewart took the floor and was making  
another speech upon the same line as his pre-  
vious one when he yielded to a motion of Mr.  
Sherman to go into executive session, and at  
1:20 p. m. the doors were closed.

The senate continued in secret session till 5  
o'clock. Then the doors were reopened and  
the senate proceeded to the consideration of the  
treaty with Great Britain (H. R. 10,000).

Mr. Frye rose to address the senate on the  
pending treaty, but as the hour was late he  
gave way to a motion to adjourn.

Mr. Callahan raised a question whether the  
senate, when it met again, would be in legis-  
lative or executive session.

The senate went into secret executive ses-  
sion at 5:30 o'clock.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS  
Continued from last Friday. Other dem-  
ocratic senators contributed to the proceedings,  
but republicans said nothing. Motions from  
the democratic side to postpone the consid-  
eration of the treaty until December and to lay on the  
table, to set with open doors, were ruled out of order.

Mr. Morgan then offered the following which  
was adopted:

Resolved, That the injunction of secrecy be re-  
moved from the proceedings of the senate in con-  
nection with the treaty with Great Britain now under  
consideration.

The purpose of this was to permit the publi-  
cation of Mr. Morgan's remarks which have  
already been delivered.

When the doors were opened senators were  
found seated in decorous silence at their desks.  
The first person to enter the chamber was an  
official reporter on one side and a reporter of  
the democratic side on the other, both of whom  
proceeded in haste to their respective tables.

"May I ask, Senator Morgan, 'if you  
are in legislative or executive session?'"  
"In open executive session," responded the  
chair [Mr. Ingalls].

"Then," rejoined Mr. Morgan, "we don't  
need any restriction of secrecy. They are not  
officers of this body."

The reading of the Morgan resolution was  
called for, and matters proceeded in the usual  
manner. The president pro tempore, Mr. Blair,  
precisely as if executive sessions had always  
been open.

A POLITICAL DEBATE  
Springs Out of the Consideration of an Ap-  
propriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Under the call of  
states, a number of bills and resolutions were  
introduced.

Mr. Stanford, of Pennsylvania, from the  
committee on public buildings and grounds,  
reported a bill for erection of a public building  
at Norfolk, Va. Referred to committee of the  
whole.

The house then went into committee of the  
whole (Mr. Blount, of Georgia, in the chair)  
on the legislative, executive and judicial ap-  
propriation bill.

Upon a verbal amendment to the bill, a re-  
solved was adopted, refusing to consider the  
form, its verbal and practice, which consumed  
considerable time. No material changes were  
made in the bill, those made increasing slightly  
the amount of expenditure. After the consid-  
eration of sixty of the 119 pages of  
the bill, the committee rose.

Mr. Blount, of Georgia, from the com-  
mittee on military affairs, reported the army  
appropriation bill and it was referred to the  
committee on the river and harbor bill.

THE HOUSE ADJOURNED.

WILL NOT UNITE

Southern Presbyterians Prefer to  
Remain Separate

UNTIL DIFFERENCES ARE ADJUSTED.

The Synod of Georgia Sustained in the  
Woodrow Case—Admiration of  
Made Out of Dust.

BALTIMORE, May 28.—The southern Pres-  
byterian general assembly was called to order  
by the moderator at 9:30 o'clock. The chair an-  
nounced the commissioners to try the com-  
plaint of the presbytery of Mecklenburg  
against the synod of North Carolina. The  
auditing committee reported that an examina-  
tion of reports of the executive committee on  
foreign and home missions, and of committees  
on publications, educational institutions, and  
training of colored ministers and trustees of  
the general assembly, had found them correct.

The same committee made a report recom-  
mending that \$10,000 in Virginia bonds be re-  
ferred to a special committee for disposal to  
the interest of the general assembly.

Dr. Most of the committee on the vote in  
the complaint of Dr. Woodrow against the  
synod of Georgia, reported that the sense of  
the general assembly is that God made the  
body out of dust, and that the view held by  
Dr. Woodrow is not contrary to the  
standards of the church.

The substitute was rejected and the report of  
the auditing committee was adopted.

Rev. T. C. Whiting, of South Carolina,  
read a protest against the action of the gen-  
eral assembly in this matter, which, without  
admission, was read by the clerk.

The pending business report of the com-  
mittee on home missions was then taken up.

Rev. Dr. Stricker, of the committee on  
bills and overtures, presented the report on or-  
ganic union of the northern and southern  
Presbyterian churches. The report was read.

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Presbyterian churches. The report was read.

Following is text of the report which was  
adopted concerning Dr. Woodrow:

Whereas, The presbytery of Augusta did find Rev.  
Dr. Woodrow guilty of the charge of heresy  
proposed against him by Rev. W. Adams, D. D.,  
of New York, in the following words:

"The body of Adam was created out of  
dust, and the soul of Adam was created out of  
nothing."

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nection with the treaty with Great Britain now under  
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SOMEWHAT BETTER

Is the Report From General Sheridan's Bed-  
side This Morning.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—There was a general  
feeling of relief in General Sheridan's house-  
hold this morning when the physicians issued  
their bulletin that there had been a slight  
but distinct improvement in all his symptoms.

The night was an ominous one. The dis-  
tinguished patient seemed to grow weaker and  
weaker and the chances of his recovery less and  
less.

The history of the case shows that the most  
dangerous time for the general is between the  
hours of two and six in the morning, and this  
morning was no exception to the rule.

The children did not realize the gravity of  
the situation, and they slept calmly through  
the hours which were feared in the past.

Representatives of the press remained in  
view of the general's condition, and the in-  
formation from the inside every half hour.

Towards morning this reply was varied to:  
"I am sorry to say that the general is no bet-  
ter."

This was the situation at 8 o'clock a. m., at  
which time the people began to arrive in num-  
bers to inquire after the general's condition.

At that hour there had been a slight im-  
provement in the general's condition, but the  
report was not so well.

The report was read and the committee on  
bills and overtures, presented the report on or-  
ganic union of the northern and southern  
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THE HOUSE ADJOURNED.

PATH OF THE STORM

Strewn With Debris of Demol-  
ished Buildings.

WASHOUT BY A BIG WATERSPOUT.

Nebraska Railroads Lose Their Bridge by  
the Swollen Streams—Heavy Rain and  
Hail Storm.

CHANDLER, Neb., May 28.—The waterspout  
which broke in the northwestern part of Daves  
county on Saturday night, submerged five  
miles of track on the Fremont, Elkhorn and  
Missouri Valley railroad and washed away  
numerous bridges. It has rained hard since  
four o'clock Saturday afternoon without stop-  
ping, and the country is flooded. Farmers all  
along White and Lone Tree rivers have had  
to abandon their houses, a number of which have  
been washed away.

At Chandler, Neb., a farmer, lost sixteen  
head of cattle and five head of horses, the  
water coming in such a wall that it carried  
them off. It is impossible to cross White  
river as all highway bridges are washed out,  
and it is feared that great damage has been  
done further northwest, as the waterspout came  
from that direction.

At Chandler, Neb., a farmer, lost sixteen  
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river as all highway bridges are washed out,  
and it is feared that great damage has been  
done further northwest, as the waterspout came  
from that direction.

A man of the name of Anderson was in the  
extreme southern limit of the spout, and he  
reports water coming in a solid wall ten feet  
deep and carrying everything possible before it.

Mr. Anderson barely escaped with his  
life, and reports that the water was so high  
that it carried away a large number of cattle  
and horses.

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## TOPICS TALKED ABOUT

The Old Lottery Land Titles Explained.

Rice Beer Sinking Roman Thirst—Bill App and the Indians—A Variety of Matters Talked of by Our Exchanges.

Rice beer has made its way down Roman throats.

This moves the Rome Tribune into the following statements:

The beverage will intoxicate if drunk in sufficient quantities.

Some four weeks ago Chief of Police Macgregor filed a complaint against the only man in the city who was selling this drink, and the party was arrested for trial; but no trial was held, and since then there have been three importations of the same.

The officials may have satisfactory reasons for these importations, but it looks a little singular that the defendant has not been placed under bond and that from the day the complaint was lodged against him for violating the prohibition law, he had been permitted to sell this beverage without the least molestation.

And a big business he does, too!

This procedure seems hardly fair to the men who have been forced out of the business by law, and who, remaining in Rome, have declared by vote and conduct their determination to stand by the law and to loyally obey it.

These men are not selling rice beer or any other suspicious drink, and not one of them has been suspected of violating the prohibition law since the action does were closed.

If Rome is to be a prohibition town, and it is such by law, let there be a strict enforcement of that law, a law judgment on every violator of it.

The Republican says that American girls have donned their white dress for the season, and look more than ever the angels that they are.

A few years ago Mr. W. H. Wright, of Greene county, bought cows to the amount of \$400. They were purchased on credit, and since that time he has not only lived on the proceeds from the milk and butter which he sold, but has paid for the cows purchased with the exception of perhaps \$100. This shows that there is money to be made at dairy farming in Greene county.

The Brunswick and Western railroad is being enclosed with a wire fence for the protection of stock.

A large and commodious union depot, a grand hotel and other important improvements are promised for Albany.

"I see it stated in the agricultural papers," says a prominent nut culturist "that seedling pecans will not amount to much. I have planted seedlings for four years, and have seen but one poor tree as a result. I think that small and defective nuts are caused by the contiguity of poor trees, the pollen of which mix with that of perfect trees, causing a poor quality of nuts therefrom."

Albany has grown to be a very staid and temperate town, though full of life, vim and bustle. In former years it was a pretty, wild place, or rather, it had that reputation, and like all new towns in older days, many tales were told of its dissipation. "I think there used to be something in the very air of Albany which made a man thirsty," remarked a dignified citizen of West County. "I never drink drop of anything stronger than water up here," he continued, "nor do I desire any intoxicants, but upon my last visit to Albany no sooner had I crossed the bridge over the Kinefalcon creek, two miles away, than an uncontrollable thirst came upon me that water could not satisfy, and as the train stopped at Albany I made a bee line for 'Jake's'."

The first peaches of the season have made their appearance in southwest Georgia. They are of the Alexander variety, are very large and luscious in flavor.

A singular accident happened on the Southwestern railroad extension. After the train had slowed upon reaching Walker's station, a box car loaded with resin suddenly broke beneath its load and collapsed. "All the cars behind it were thrown off the track, including the express and the mail coaches. The engine and two or three cars that were in front of the wreck proceeded to Albany. No one was hurt."

Mr. F. F. Putney is one of the representative northern men who have been successful in Dougherty county. He has now a delightful country home at Hardaway. He has made a most beautiful outcrop this season, the yield being sixty bushels per acre. The entire cost of fertilizing, sowing, cutting and housing this crop has only been eight dollars per acre.

The Dallas Era, noting the statement of Bill App in a recent issue of The Constitution, writes that the Indians are tried in the United States court at Fort Smith, Ark., says:

Now 111 is an old lawyer and should know better than that. The Indians have laws and courts of their own, and they try their own people, and upon Indians themselves, or Indian negroes, that were freed among the Indians and are by right and law citizens of the United States. The men tried and hung at Fort Smith are full blooded Indians, and citizens of the territory. We remember one year six men were hung there, but for crimes committed in the Indian territory, and four were Indians, one a negro and one a white man. Many of the Indians are old slaves, negroes, and the negroes are citizens of the United States, as the Indian territory is not Indian or Indian negroes, but whites from the states, that pay a permit—a sort of bail—for the right to live in the Indian territory. Any trouble that may arise between an actual citizen of the nation and one who is not an Indian or Indian negro, is tried in United States court. If an Indian kills a white man he is tried in United States court. If a white man kills an Indian in the nation he is tried in United States court. Indians may live in the Indian territory, and a white man or a white man's negro, he must be tried by a jury of his own race.

The Douglasville Star is now a home print. That is to say it is now a better paper than that ever before.

The Greensboro San was thrown into a reflective mood the other day by a musty old deed yellow with age. Tied on by a piece of red ribbon to the bottom of the instrument was the old seal of the State of Georgia. This was a round piece of wax, somewhat larger than a silver dollar and was covered with parchment. On one side was embossed "State of Georgia 1790." On the other side, "Agricoltura and commerce." The deed was a land grant from the State of Georgia to James M. Davidson, of Greene county, for 400 acres of land in the second district of Appling county. The deed bore the signature of Chas. J. McDonald, governor, and was dated 18th February, 1820. On the same document was also the signature of John G. Park, comptroller general. This gentleman was a cousin of Colonel Jas. B. Park.

"These land grants," said Colonel Park, leaning back in his chair, "caused a great deal of excitement in that day and time. The state of Georgia granted to every head of a family the privilege to draw for wild lands, which were the state's property. The drawing took place at the old capital in Milledgeville, the name of a white man, finally being placed in a box and drawn out. In another box the numbers of the land lots were placed and drawn. The name which was drawn out at the time of the number was entitled to that wild land lot. At that time the rich gold

mines of Habersham, Lumpkin, and other north Georgia counties were among the list of wild lands and placed in the box to be drawn by some lucky man. It was known that all through that section of country gold and copper and other precious ores abounded. I have heard my grandmother say that a perfect fever had possessed the people. Land speculators hung about the capitol at Milledgeville, waiting for the drawing of these wild lands in the gold regions of north Georgia. Relays of horses were ready at a moment's notice to bear riders swiftly to the lucky draw. The moment the lands were drawn the impatient speculators mounted their horses and sped away to purchase them. It was a race between them as to who would be first on the spot. Many a time an humble farmer, ploughing in his fields, would have a man dash up to him and offer him \$10,000, \$20,000 for a wild land lot which had been drawn for him at Milledgeville."

**ROMAN'S REVIVAL.**  
Sam Jones Fighting the Devil in the Hill City—Great Interest Manifested.

ROME, Ga., May 28.—[Special.]—The interest in the meetings here is still growing steadily, and there is promise that there will be a great many conversions before they close.

Mr. Jones preached at the usual hour, and he preached last night, from the text, "He that is not for us is against us, and he that gathereth not with us scattereth abroad."

He dwelt at great length upon the indifference in the church that was scattering abroad, and he pleaded earnestly with the members of the church to throw off this indifference, and to throw off of jealousy and enmity and come out on the Lord's side and to no longer counteract the efforts of those who were working for God and the salvation of souls.

It was a very earnest effort and without doubt will bring in glorious fruit in respect to professing Christians, and will be for lasting good to our people.

Last night was the first call for mourners and a great crowd of them came up and gave Mr. Jones their hands, saying, "Pray for us."

The meeting at 6 o'clock this morning was one full of the grace and love of God, and was a source of great joy to the Christians and others who attended.

At 10 o'clock this morning Mr. Jones preached again.

Following is a short synopsis of the sermon: I invite your attention this morning to these words, and I hope we go praying into this service: "And I pray God that your whole spirit, soul and body may be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ."

There is no more earnest faithful verse in this book than the apostle Paul uses here in the form of a prayer: "And I pray God that your whole spirit, soul and body may be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ."

There is no room, brethren, for large improvement on the part of a great many of us. We have got to the point where we may not be able to improve. I believe it is the duty of every Christian man to see that this ideal Christian is a Scriptural one, and then make a faithful, earnest effort to reach that ideal. No man was ever better than his ideal of what a man ought to be.

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## MURDERS IN BIBB.

A Negro Shot Dead on His Own Doorstep.

An Infuriated Shot in a Ballroom—A Dance—Shooting Dead—Other News Throughout the State.

Macon, Ga., May 28.—[Special.]—Accounts reached the city today of two murders which occurred near Sumnerfield, near the upper edge of this county.

George Taylor and Joe Williams, both colored, worked for Mr. B. T. Howard on his place. Williams was shot by Taylor, Iseems that Taylor went to Williams's house, and called him several times, and when Williams appeared at the door Taylor shot him with a gun loaded with slugs, which entered his neck and head, killing him instantly. Mr. Culverhouse heard the shooting and went over to see what was the trouble, and asked Taylor who had done the shooting.

"I suppose I did it," replied Taylor, who was reloading his gun. As soon as he had finished he shouldered his gun and walked off in the woods, and has not been seen since. Williams died immediately, and no real witness to the murder is to be had.

The second murder occurred at Coleman's plantation, about a mile from the other place, and about an hour later. There was a German at a negro house, and the ballroom was crowded with guests. A negro known as David Brown, a man walked in and began emptying a revolver at George Carter, who commenced to run, at the same time. As he reached the back door a bullet caught him in the back, and he fell mortally wounded. Brown ran has not been caught yet.

Conductor Hockett went up and empaneled a jury of twelve, and in both cases a verdict of murder was rendered. No direct cause was given for these murders. Known, but the trouble between Williams and Taylor is thought to have grown out of some stealing which Williams accused Taylor of doing for internal revenue. Freeman owned a woman, but the exact trouble is not known.

The Superior Court.

Macon, Ga., May 28.—[Special.]—The superior court reassembled today, with Judge Guston on the bench.

In the case of J. McCallum vs. Henry and George Schall, judgment was rendered for the plaintiff.

Elihu Blackhear vs. J. L. Anderson, administrator. Verdict for plaintiff.

M. A. E. Thomas vs. W. H. Freeman. Verdict for plaintiff.

Macon Manufacturing company vs. C. E. Scofield. Verdict for plaintiff.

The case of Mary LaFayette vs. L. L. Johnson was taken up for trial today. The case was taken up for trial today. The case was taken up for trial today.

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## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Harvey Johnson, Alex. P. Hall,  
JOHNSON & HULL,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Rooms 3 and 4,  
135 N. Peachtree street,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
PROF. OTTO SPAHR,  
Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music,  
131 South Fourth street,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
HOWARD E. W. PALMER, CHARLES A. READ,  
PALMER & READ,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Towers Bank Building, Decatur street,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
I HAVE REMOVED MY RESIDENCE FROM  
Highland avenue to 54 Jackson street, "Hogan  
Telephone" 311. Office, Murphy's Pharmacy, 228  
West street. Telephone 109.  
C. L. BOWDIE, M. D.

During my absence on a visit to New York for  
the purpose of procuring the study of clinical medi-  
cine and surgery, I respectfully request my patients to  
Dr. C. L. Bowdrie, who will attend all calls promptly.  
Office 228 West street. Telephone 109.  
May 28, 1888. C. L. BOWDIE, M. D.

J. A. THOMPSON,  
DENTIST,  
70% Whitehall,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
DR. HUNTER P. COOPER,  
Residence, 123 Capitol avenue, Telephone 219.  
Office, 25 Wall street, Telephone 374.  
JOHN S. Candler,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
25% Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.  
[Solicitor General]

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,  
Attorney at Law,  
Macdon, Ga.  
Prompt, personal attention to all business.

EDWIN P. ANSLY,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Room 39, Gate City Bank Building,  
Atlanta, Ga.

EUGENE M. MITCHELL,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
No. 88, Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., Grant Building.

ROBERT HARRISON,  
COUNSELLOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Gate City Bank Building,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Attorney and Special Agent in Georgia  
for the  
AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY OF NEW YORK.  
(Paid up cash capital \$1,000,000.)

Guarantee and Surety Bonds.

FRANK CARTER,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
135 N. Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. Rooms 2 and 3.  
135 N. Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. Rooms 2 and 3.

OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER CITY CIRCUIT.  
All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly at-  
tended to. Office 211 Marietta street.

HUGH ANGIER,  
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,  
Railroad and surveying work a specialty.  
15% Whitehall St. Room No. 22.

AMUEL W. GOODE, CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON,  
GOODE & ANDERSON,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office 100 N. 1st Marietta  
street, corner Peachtree. Will do a general prac-  
tice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real  
Estate and Corporation Law specialties.

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,  
Rooms 4 and 5, Gate City Bank Building,  
Atlanta, Ga.

T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking  
Depositions in Fulton County.

LAMAR & ZACHRY,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Washington, D. C. Office by permission to Hon.  
A. H. Colquhoun, U. S. District Court, Atlanta, Ga.  
G. H. Colquhoun, U. S. District Court, Atlanta, Ga.  
G. H. Colquhoun, U. S. District Court, Atlanta, Ga.

EDMUND W. MARTIN,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Room 3, Jackson Building, Special attention given  
to damage and insurance cases, collections.  
JOHN S. Candler,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
135 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

WALTER GREGORY,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Room 3, Jackson Building, Special attention given  
to damage and insurance cases, collections.  
JOHN S. Candler,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
135 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PARKINS,  
ARCHITECT,  
Office 4th floor Chamber of Commerce building,  
on Whitehall and Hester streets. Take elevator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

SMITH & DALLAS, AUCTIONEERS.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT OF  
Ordinary of this county, granted at the November  
term, 1887, will be sold before the courthouse  
door in Atlanta, Fulton county, on the first Tuesday  
in June next, 1888, within the legal hours of sale,  
the following property, viz:

1. Situated in the town of West End, commencing  
at the west side of Lee street, at the northeast  
corner of N. 1st street, and running west  
150 feet, thence north 11 feet, thence west 58 feet  
10 inches, thence north 15 feet 10 inches, thence  
west 35 feet 10 inches, thence north 11 feet, thence  
east 20 feet, to Lee street, and thence south 128 feet  
6 inches to the beginning, being part of land  
No. 108, 14th district of Fulton county. This  
large and well situated lot has a beautiful 5-room  
cottage with built, nearly new, modern style, and is  
ornamented with trees, shrubbery and flowers; is  
very convenient to both car lines, the churches  
and the academy. It is a choice residence in a very  
choice place, and everything is in good order.

2. One lot fronting 35 feet on the north side of  
Larkin street in the city of Atlanta, between Vine  
and Maher streets, and extending back 35 feet  
bounded west by Mrs. Clark, being part of lot No. 24  
of the 14th district of Fulton county. This lot has  
2-room houses on it.

3. Three houses and lots on the northeast corner  
Garfield and Fitzgerald streets, in the city of At-  
lanta, each lot being 50 feet wide, the whole fronting  
50 feet on the north side of Garfield street, lot  
having a good 4-room cottage, nearly new; the  
houses being numbered 58, 60 and 62 Garfield street,  
and being part of land lot No. 48, 14th district of  
Fulton county.

All being property of the estate of Mrs. Mary E.  
Howes, deceased, late of Fulton county. Sold for  
the purpose of distribution among the heirs said  
deceased.

Terms: 5% cash, remainder in one and two years  
with 8% per cent interest.

DAVID H. HOWE, Administrator.  
Macdon, Ga., May 17, 1888. May 14-111

A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.

OUR TRADE MARK  
HAM  
CURED MEATS & CIGARS

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For The Nervous  
The Debilitated  
The Aged.

Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the  
problem of the long neglected medicine for the  
nervous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the  
best power tonic, Coleridge and Co., with other effec-  
tive remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently  
on the kidneys, liver and spleen, remove disease,  
restore strength and renew vitality. This medicine is



It fills a place hitherto unoccupied, and marks  
a new era in the treatment of nervous troubles.  
Overwork, anxiety, disease, lay the foundation of  
nervous prostration and weakness, and eventually  
lead to the fatal result of the nervous system.  
Recommended by professional and business men.  
Sold for cash.

Price \$1.00. Sold by druggists.  
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors  
BIRMINGHAM, VT.

NOTICE!

Builders and Contractors!

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY,  
Georgia, wish to enlarge and improve the  
court house. Plans, specifications and estimates  
desired. The Board meets first Tuesday in June.  
ARTHUR HUTCHINSON,  
W. D. JOYCE,  
J. K. ROSS,  
W. A. STEWART,  
N. W. WINDSOR,  
my Commissioners.

FOR SALE.

A two-story brick business block for sale at  
a bargain. This property will always rent  
in fact, will rent when all else fails. The owner  
is going to leave Atlanta and is anxious to sell.  
This is a rare opportunity.

THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON,  
Office in Jones's Bank.

A. P. TRIPOD,  
PAINTS, OILS  
AND  
WINDOW GLASS

ARTISTS' MATERIALS

A SPECIALTY.

AGENTS FOR ANTI-KALOMINE

The best and cheapest preparation  
for finishings, walls and ceilings  
of dwellings, churches, stores, etc.  
Send for color cards, testimonials,  
etc.

45 DECATUR ST.,  
ATLANTA, GA.

LADIES' PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold every-  
where. Price 10c a package. They have been  
found to be the best dyeing material in existence  
for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities.  
They do not crack, fade, or wash out. For sale by  
all druggists.

For sale by Bridgely & Warr, Druggists, 26 White  
hall st., Sharp Bros. Druggists, 202  
Marietta st., M. B. Avery & Co., Druggists, Schu-  
macher's Pharmacy, 65 Whitehall and 71 Hunter st.

LYON & HEALY

35 MEDALS AWARDED TO

WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

are perfectly safe and effective. Never fail  
to cure. They are sold every-  
where. Price 10c a package. They have been  
found to be the best dyeing material in existence  
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WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

## MEMORIAL EXERCISES

Held in Honor of Judge Samuel  
Hall.

The Report of the Committee Presented by  
Judge Richard H. Clark & Others,  
by Hon. A. C. Bacon and Others.

Yesterday morning, in the supreme court,  
members of the bar, and others, gathered to  
pay tribute to the memory of Judge Samuel Hall.  
Judge Samuel Hall was held in honor of  
the committee Judge Richard H. Clark  
spoke as follows:

CLARK'S ADDRESS.

May it please the Court: If you should examine  
the last published volume of the reports of this  
court to ascertain who are the judges, you will find  
the names of James Jackson, Samuel Hall and  
Mark Bluffin; and yet two of the three (Judges  
Jackson and Hall) have died since the opinion con-  
tained in the volume were rendered. If the one  
court from its organization in January 1846, to the  
present, he will not realize that the 21 judges  
who have presided in this court, are the only  
present bench. This astounding fact is only  
the common reminder of the mortality of man,  
and the fact that the court is a body of men,  
and not a body of gods.

When we look back along the line to the first  
bench of judges, composed of Joseph Henry Lump-  
kin, John A. Gilmer and Eugene A. Nibbs, we find  
that the names of these three judges are the only  
names that are left, and the only names that are  
left of the first bench. The names of these three  
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names that are left, and the only names that are  
left of the first bench. The names of these three  
judges are the only names that are left, and the  
only names that are left of the first bench.

When we look back along the line to the first  
bench of judges, composed of Joseph Henry Lump-  
kin, John A. Gilmer and Eugene A. Nibbs, we find  
that the names of these three judges are the only  
names that are left, and the only names that are  
left of the first bench. The names of these three  
judges are the only names that are left, and the  
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**TRUE  
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## MISCELLANEOUS.

**OUR NEW WATCH**  
Has just been placed on the market, and we are now showing the  
Largest and Finest Assortment in the State.  
Send for Circulars.  
**FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW**  
Jewelers.  
Top 12 col 8p

## 44 Marietta St.

We want you to come around and see our artistic Sterling Silverware. We have many beautiful pieces in sets. These are the very latest patterns, and we know you will like them. And we want to show you our line of Watches. We have them in all grades, and keep nothing that we cannot safely warrant to you. If you have any watch or jewelry repairing we want you to bring it to us.

**J. R. WATTS & CO.,**  
44 Marietta St.  
OPPOSITE THE OPERA HOUSE.  
1st col 8p unframed

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications for Georgia: Nearly stationary temperature; fair weather, preceded by local rain; light to fresh, variable winds.

Daily Weather Report.  
OBSERVERS OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.  
U. S. Census Office, May 29, 1888.  
Observations taken at 9 p. m.—Central time.

STATIONS.	Barometer.	Thermometer. in shade.	WIND.		Clouds.	Weather.
			Direction.	Velocity.		
Mobile.	29.90	70.8	6	00	Clear.	
Montgomery.	29.80	68.0	6	00	Clear.	
New Orleans.	29.70	72.0	6	00	Clear.	
Galveston.	29.60	70.0	6	00	Clear.	
Memphis.	29.50	68.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	29.40	66.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	29.30	64.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	29.20	62.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	29.10	60.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	29.00	58.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	28.90	56.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	28.80	54.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	28.70	52.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	28.60	50.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	28.50	48.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	28.40	46.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	28.30	44.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	28.20	42.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	28.10	40.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	28.00	38.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	27.90	36.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	27.80	34.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	27.70	32.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	27.60	30.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	27.50	28.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	27.40	26.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	27.30	24.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	27.20	22.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	27.10	20.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	27.00	18.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	26.90	16.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	26.80	14.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	26.70	12.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	26.60	10.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	26.50	8.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	26.40	6.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	26.30	4.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	26.20	2.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	26.10	0.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	26.00	-2.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	25.90	-4.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	25.80	-6.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	25.70	-8.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	25.60	-10.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	25.50	-12.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	25.40	-14.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	25.30	-16.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	25.20	-18.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	25.10	-20.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	25.00	-22.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	24.90	-24.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	24.80	-26.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	24.70	-28.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	24.60	-30.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	24.50	-32.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	24.40	-34.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	24.30	-36.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	24.20	-38.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	24.10	-40.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	24.00	-42.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	23.90	-44.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	23.80	-46.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	23.70	-48.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	23.60	-50.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	23.50	-52.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	23.40	-54.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	23.30	-56.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	23.20	-58.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	23.10	-60.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	23.00	-62.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	22.90	-64.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	22.80	-66.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	22.70	-68.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	22.60	-70.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	22.50	-72.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	22.40	-74.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	22.30	-76.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	22.20	-78.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	22.10	-80.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	22.00	-82.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	21.90	-84.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	21.80	-86.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	21.70	-88.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	21.60	-90.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	21.50	-92.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	21.40	-94.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	21.30	-96.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	21.20	-98.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	21.10	-100.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	21.00	-102.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	20.90	-104.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	20.80	-106.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	20.70	-108.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	20.60	-110.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	20.50	-112.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	20.40	-114.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	20.30	-116.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	20.20	-118.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	20.10	-120.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	20.00	-122.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	19.90	-124.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	19.80	-126.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	19.70	-128.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	19.60	-130.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	19.50	-132.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	19.40	-134.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	19.30	-136.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	19.20	-138.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	19.10	-140.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	19.00	-142.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	18.90	-144.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	18.80	-146.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	18.70	-148.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	18.60	-150.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	18.50	-152.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	18.40	-154.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	18.30	-156.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	18.20	-158.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	18.10	-160.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	18.00	-162.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	17.90	-164.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	17.80	-166.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	17.70	-168.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	17.60	-170.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	17.50	-172.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	17.40	-174.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	17.30	-176.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	17.20	-178.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	17.10	-180.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	17.00	-182.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	16.90	-184.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	16.80	-186.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	16.70	-188.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	16.60	-190.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	16.50	-192.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	16.40	-194.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	16.30	-196.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	16.20	-198.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	16.10	-200.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	16.00	-202.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	15.90	-204.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	15.80	-206.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	15.70	-208.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	15.60	-210.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	15.50	-212.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	15.40	-214.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	15.30	-216.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	15.20	-218.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	15.10	-220.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	15.00	-222.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	14.90	-224.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	14.80	-226.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	14.70	-228.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	14.60	-230.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	14.50	-232.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	14.40	-234.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	14.30	-236.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	14.20	-238.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	14.10	-240.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	14.00	-242.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	13.90	-244.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	13.80	-246.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	13.70	-248.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	13.60	-250.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	13.50	-252.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	13.40	-254.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	13.30	-256.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	13.20	-258.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	13.10	-260.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	13.00	-262.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	12.90	-264.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	12.80	-266.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	12.70	-268.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	12.60	-270.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	12.50	-272.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	12.40	-274.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	12.30	-276.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	12.20	-278.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	12.10	-280.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	12.00	-282.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	11.90	-284.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	11.80	-286.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	11.70	-288.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	11.60	-290.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	11.50	-292.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	11.40	-294.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	11.30	-296.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	11.20	-298.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	11.10	-300.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	11.00	-302.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	10.90	-304.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	10.80	-306.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	10.70	-308.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	10.60	-310.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	10.50	-312.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	10.40	-314.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	10.30	-316.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	10.20	-318.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	10.10	-320.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	10.00	-322.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	9.90	-324.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	9.80	-326.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	9.70	-328.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	9.60	-330.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	9.50	-332.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	9.40	-334.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	9.30	-336.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	9.20	-338.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	9.10	-340.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	9.00	-342.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	8.90	-344.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	8.80	-346.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	8.70	-348.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	8.60	-350.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	8.50	-352.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	8.40	-354.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	8.30	-356.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	8.20	-358.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	8.10	-360.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	8.00	-362.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	7.90	-364.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	7.80	-366.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	7.70	-368.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	7.60	-370.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	7.50	-372.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	7.40	-374.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	7.30	-376.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	7.20	-378.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	7.10	-380.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	7.00	-382.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	6.90	-384.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	6.80	-386.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	6.70	-388.0	6	00	Clear.	
Washington.	6.60	-390.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Francisco.	6.50	-392.0	6	00	Clear.	
San Diego.	6.40	-394.0	6	00	Clear.	
Albany.	6.30	-396.0	6	00	Clear.	
Syracuse.	6.20	-398.0	6	00	Clear.	
Rochester.	6.10	-400.0	6	00	Clear.	
Buffalo.	6.00	-402.0	6	00	Clear.	
Cleveland.	5.90	-404.0	6	00	Clear.	
Columbus.	5.80	-406.0	6	00	Clear.	
Indianapolis.	5.70	-408.0	6	00	Clear.	
Chicago.	5.60	-410.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Louis.	5.50	-412.0	6	00	Clear.	
St. Paul.	5.40	-414.0	6	00	Clear.	
Portland.	5.30	-416.0	6	00	Clear.	
Boston.	5.20	-418.0	6	00	Clear.	
New York.	5.10	-420.0	6	00	Clear.	
Philadelphia.	5.00	-422.0	6	0		